5. The question of including other articles under the scope of this concession is under examination and additions will be made from time to time. Representations from the trade and industry for the addition of any specific items to this scheme should be addressed to the Chief Controller of Imports, Policy Branch, with such relevant data as will help in coming to a decision on the point.

Custom House, ...
Madras, Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
3rd April 1952.
I.T.C. No. 710—52.

Import Trade Control Circular No. 28-52.

Sub :—Extension of period of validity of licenses issued for imports of greases, mineral oils and lubricating oils falling under Sl. Nos. 8, 17 and 20 of Part V of the I.T.C. Schedule.

Public Notice No. 28-ITC (P.N.)/52, dated 19th M 1952, issued by the Ministry of Commerce and Indus is republished below for general information:—

The attention of importers is invited to the Commerce and Industry Ministry Public Notice No. 197-ITC/51, dated the 31st December 1951. It has been decided to extend the principles contained in para 2 of the said Public Notice also to imports of Mineral Oils (falling under Serial No. 17 of Part V of the Import Trade Control Schedule).

2. Representations have been received from importers of Petroleum products and Mineral oils about the difficulty of arranging shipments of these goods within the original validity of the licences granted in the January—June 1951 period. It has, therefore been decided that the January—June 1951 licences for the petroleum products, mineral oils and lubricating oils (falling under Serial Nos. 8, 17 and 20 of Part V of the Import Trade Control Schedule) doubled in terms of Commerce and Industry Ministry Public Notice No. 49-ITC (P.N.)/51, dated 13th March 1951, would have a validity of twelve months from date of doubling without the restriction indicated in the last sentence in para 2 of the Commerce and Industry, Public Notice No. 197-ITC (P.N.)/51, dated 31st December 1951.

3. It is not necessary to get the individual licences endorsed as indicated in para 2 above and they need not be produced to the licensing authorities for that purpose.

Custom House, ...,
Madras, Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
3rd April 1952.
I.T.C. No. 697/52.

Import Trade Control Circular No. 27/52.

Sub :—Import of Cascade seed dressers under Open General Licence No. XVI against Sl. No. 74 of Part V of the I.T.C. Schedule.

Public Notice No. 27-ITC (P.N.)/52, dated 18th March 1952, issued by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, is republished below for general information :—

Importers are informed that Cascade Seed pressers classifiable under Serial No. 74 of Part V of the Import Trade Control Schedule, can be imported under Open General Licence No. XVI from soft currency countries against the entry 'Agricultural Implements' falling under Sl. No. 74 of Part V of the Import Trade Control Schedule.

Custom House, ...,
Madras, Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
3rd April 1952.
I.T.C. No. 687/52.

Import Trade Control Circular No. 26/52.

Sub :—Licensing of certain textile mill stores for the period January—June 1952.

Public Notice No. 26-ITC (P.N.)/52, dated 17th March 1952, issued by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, is republished below for general information :—

A reference is invited to the entries against Sl. No. 5 (1) of Part III of the Import Trade Control Schedule in Section II of the Plant and Machinery Handbook of 1952, as well as the Commerce and Industry Ministry Public Notice No. 4-ITC (P.N.)/52, dated the 15th January 1952. It has now been decided that soft currency licences to established importers will be granted on the quota percentages shown against each of the following articles :—

Item No.	*Name of the Article*	*Quota percentage of half of Best Years' Imports per cent.*
1.	Cotton healds	20
2.	Wire healds	15
3.	Reeds	25
4.	Shuttles	20
5.	Bobbins	5
6.	Pickers	40
7.	Spring buffers	40
8.	Roller springs	50
9.	Picking bands	25
10.	Picking sticks	Nil
11.	Card clothing and accessories ...	Freely*

*Subject to the provision of Public Notice No. 189-I.T.C.(P.N.)/51, dated 28th December 1951.

2. Established importers should apply in the Form and manner prescribed in the Handbook of Rules and Procedure 1952, to the Joint Chief Controller of Imports, Bombay, so as to reach his office by the 30th April 1952.

Custom House, ...,
Madras, Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
3rd April 1952.

Dated 26th April 1952.

No. C. & D. 208. The following Public Notices issued by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India, New Delhi, regarding the Import of Tractor Tyres and Tubes and regarding the issue of advance license for Cauliflower seeds falling under Serial No. 36 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule, are republished for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,
R. J. REGO,
Secretary to Government,
893 *Development Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.
Import Trade Control.
New Delhi, the 7th April 1952.
PUBLIC NOTICE.

Sub :—Import of Tractor Tyres and Tubes.

No. 36—ITC (P.N.)—52. Attention is invited to the entry "Tractor Tyres only" against Serial No. 41 of Part V in Appendix A (2) of the Policy Book for the January—June 1952 period. The intention is to allow the import of both Tractor Tyres and Tubes of sizes which are not manufactured in India.

2. Licences which may be issued hereafter will be for both tractor tyres and tubes. In respect of licences issued already for the current licensing period, it is not necessary to get them amended specifically to include tubes. The Customs authorities have been advised to allow clearance of both tyres and tubes against such licences.

L. K. JHA,
Joint Secretary to the
Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.
Import Trade Control.
New Delhi, the 7th April 1952.
PUBLIC NOTICE.

Sub :—Issue of advance licence for Cauliflower seeds, falling under Serial No. 36 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule.

No. 37—ITC (P.N.)—52. It has been decided that all licences granted to established importers for the period January—June 1952, for the import of Cauliflower seeds

in accordance with this Ministry's Public Notice No. 3—I.T.C. (P.N.)—52, dated the 12th January, 1952 should be doubled in value so as to cover the whole year's requirements.

2. In the case of licences already issued, the licence holder should present the licence at the office of the Import Trade Controllers at Calcutta, Madras or Bombay. The licence will be endorsed as valid for double the face value and will be handed back to the person who presents it. No fresh Treasury Receipt will be necessary.

3. In the case of applications already made, where licences have not yet been issued, the applicants should await the issue of licences and should then proceed as in para 2 above.

4. The initial validity period of the licence, which will be for one year from the date of issue, will not be affected by this doubling. The licence even after doubling will be valid only for one year from the date of issue.

L. K. JHA,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

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No. I. 184—*Ind.* 231-51-8, *dated* 23*rd April* 1952.

Whereas it appears to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, Construction of a Bharathi Trading and Industrial Company of Aduvally.

Notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 4 of the Mysore Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Mysore Act No. VII of 1894) and His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore hereby authorises the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, to exercise the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of Section 4 of the said Act.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the said Act, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore directs that in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the said Act shall not apply to the acquisition of lands specified below.

Hassan District, Hassan Taluk, Kasaba Hobli, Aduvally Village.

(1) Survey No. 90—1, in the khate and anubhava of Rama bin Lakka and bounded on the North by Tile Factory, South by Dry lands of Kar Gowda, East by Dry lands of Hanumamma and West by Tile Factory, the area required being 10 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—0.

(2) Survey No. 90—2, in the khate and anubhava of Karigowda bin Gundegowda and bounded on the North by Tile Factory, South by Dry lands of Rama, East by Dry lands of Hanumamma and West by Dry lands of Gunde Gowda, the area required being 32 guntas, assessed at Re. 1—0—0.

(3) Survey No. 90—3, in the khate and anubhava of Rama bin Lakka and bounded on the north by Dry lands of Karigowda, South by Tank, East by Dry lands of Karigowda and West by Tank, the area required being 21 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—12—0.

(4) Survey No. 90—4, in the khate and anubhava of Ramegowda Guardian Hanumamma (Mother) and bounded on the North by Dry lands of Sipani & Co., South by Wet lands of Huchha, East by Dry lands of Rama Krishnaiah and West by Dry lands of Karigowda, the area required being 1 acre and 30 guntas, assessed at Rs. 2—8—0.

(5) Survey No. 91—1, in the khate and anubhava of Rama bin Lakkegowda and bounded on the North by Railway Road, South by Wet lands of Gundegowda, East by Tile Factory and West by Dry lands of Rama bin Lakka, the area required being 6 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—4—0.

(6) Survey No. 91—2, in the khate and anubhava of Ramegowda Guardian Hanumamma (mother) and bounded on the North by Railway Road, South by Wet lands of Gundegowda, East by Tile Factory and West by Dry lands of Rama bin Lakka, the area required being 13 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—0.

(7) Survey No. 91—9, in the khate and anubhava of Sri C V Venkataramaiah and bounded on the North by Railway Road, South by Dry lands of Hanumamma, East by Vacant site of Venkataramaiah and West by Vacant site of Sipani and Co., the area required being 7 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—4—0.

(8) Survey No. 91—10, in the khate and anubhava of Sri C V Venkataramaiah and bounded on the North by Railway Road, South by Dry lands of Hanumamma, East by Dry lands of Narayana Setty and West by Dry lands of Venkata Ramaiya, the area required being 9 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—0.

(9) Survey No. 33—2, in the khate and anubhava of Sri C V Venkataramaiya and bounded on the North by Dry lands of Venkataramaiah, South by Dry lands of Hanumamma, East by Dry lands of B. A. Gillagass and West by Dry lands of Sipani and Co., the area required being 10½ guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—0.

No. I. 185—*Ind.* 231-51-9, *dated* 23*rd April* 1952.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 6 of the Mysore Land Acquisition Act, 1894, (Mysore Act, No. VII of 1894), His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore hereby declares that the lands specified below, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose to wit, Construction of a Bharathi Trading & Industrial Company and in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of Section 3 and Section 7 of the said Act, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Hassan Sub-Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner, under the said Act, and directed to take orders for the acquision of the said lands.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the said Act, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore further directs that the possession of the said lands may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice mentioned in sub-section (1) of Section 9 of the said Act.

A plan of the land is kept in the Office of the Sub-Division Officer and Land Acquisition Officer, Hassan for inspection.

Hassan District, Hassan Taluk, Kasaba Hobli, Aduvally Village.

(1) Survey No 90—1, in the khate and anubhava of Rama bin Lakka and bounded on the North by Tile Factory, South by Dry lands of Kar Gowda, East by Dry lands of Hanumamma and West by Tile Factory, the area required being 10 guntas, assessed at Re 0—8—0.

(2) Survey No. 90—2, in the khate and anubhava of Karigowda bin Gundegowda and bounded on the North by Tile Factory, South by Dry lands of Rama, East by Dry lands of Hanumamma and West by Dry lands of Gundegowda, the area required being 32 guntas, assessed at Re. 1—0—0.

(3) Survey No. 90—3, in the khate and anubhava of Rama bin Lakka and bounded on the North by Dry lands of Karigowda, South by Tank, East by Dry lands of Karigowda and West by Tank, the area required being 21 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—12—0.

(4) Survey No. 90—4, in the khate and anubhava of Ramegowda guardian Hanumamma (mother) and bounded on the North by Dry land of Sipani and Co., South by Wet lands of Hucha, East by Dry lands Rama Krishnaiah and West by Dry lands of Karigowda, the area required being 1 acre and 30 guntas, assessed at Rs 2—8—0.

(5) Survey No. 91—1, in the khate and anubhava of Rama bin Lakkegowda and bounded on the North by Railway Road, South by Wet lands Gundegowda, East by Tile Factory and West by Dry lands of Rama bin Lakka, the area required being 6 gunta, assessed at Re. 0—4—0.

(6) Survey No. 91—2, in the khate and anubhava of Ramegowda guardian Hanumamma (mother) and bounded on the North by Railway Road South by Wet lands of Gundegowda, East by Tile Factory and West by Dry lands of Rama bin Lakka, the area required being 13 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—0.

(7) Survey No. 91—9, in the khate and anubhava of Sri C V Venkataramaiah and bounded on the North by Railway Road, South by Dry lands of Hanumamma, East by Vacant Site of Venkataramaiah and West by Vacant Site of Sipani and Co., the area required being 7 gunta, assessed at Re. 0—4—0.

(8) Survey No. 91—10, in the khate and anubhava of Sri C V Venkataramaiah and bounded on the North by Railway Road, South by Dry lands of Hanumamma, East by Dry lands of Narayana Setty and West by Dry lands of Venkata Ramaiah, the area required being 9 guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—0.

(9) Survey No. 33—2, in the khate and anubhava of Sri C V Venkataramaiah and bounded on the North by Dry lands of Venkataramaiah, South by Dry lands of Hanumamma, East by Dry lands of B A Gillagass and West by Dry lands of Sipani and Co., the area required being 10½ guntas, assessed at Re. 0—8—0.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

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R. J. REGO,

Secretary to Government,
Development Department.